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Ammonia

AMMONIA_002-SE







8: Corrosive substances



Environmentally hazardous substances

Danger









SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : Ammonia , Ammoniak, Ammoniak N38, Ammoniak HG

SDS Nr : AMMONIA_002-SE , replaces AMMONIAK_002-SE 2014/07/08

Chemical description : Anhydrous ammonia

CAS No :7664-41-7 EC No :231-635-3 Index No :007-001-00-5

Registration-No. : 01-2119488876-14-

Chemical formula : NH3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : Industrial and professional. Perform risk assessment prior to use.

Test gas/Calibration gas. Laboratory use. Chemical reaction / Synthesis. Use for metal treatment. Use as refrigerant. Use for manufacture of electronic/photovoltaic components. Water treatment.

Contact supplier for more information on uses.

Uses advised against : Consumer use.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company identification : AIR LIQUIDE GAS AB

Lundavägen 151

212 24 Malmö SWEDEN

Tfn. 040 - 38 10 00, efter kontorstid 0220- 396 00

E-Mail address)competent person) : Info.sweden@airliquide.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number : 112

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Hazard Class and Category Code Regulation EC 1272/2008 (CLP)

• Health hazards : Acute toxicity, Inhalation - Category 3 - Danger - (CLP : Acute Tox. 3) - H331

Skin corrosion - Category 1B - Danger - (CLP : Skin Corr. 1B) - H314 Serious eye damage - Category 1 - Danger - (CLP : Eye Dam. 1) - H318 : Flammable gases - Category 2 - Warning - (CLP : Flam. Gas 2) - H221

Gases under pressure - Liquefied gas - Warning - (CLP : Press. Gas) - H280

AIR LIQUIDE GAS AB

Physical hazards

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Aquatic Chronic 2 (H411)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification)continued)

• Environmental hazards : Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard - Category 1 - Warning - (CLP : Aquatic

Acute 1) - H400

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard - Category 2 - (CLP: Aquatic Chronic 2) -

H411

2.2. Label elements

Labelling Regulation EC 1272/2008)CLP)

Hazard pictograms









• Hazard pictograms code : GHS06 - GHS05 - GHS09 - GHS04

• Signal word : Danger

• Hazard statements : H221 - Flammable gas.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H331 - Toxic if inhaled.

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

• Supplemental hazard information : EUH071 - Corrosive to respiratory tract.

: EUH071 supersedes H335 when assigned in the classification.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention : P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

- Response : P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.

P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice / attention

 $P303 + P361 + P353 + P315 - IF\ ON\ SKIN\ (or\ hair): Take\ off\ immediately\ all\ contaminated\ clothing.$

Rinse skin with water/shower. Get immediate medical advice / attention. P377 - Leaking gas fire : Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.

P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

- Storage : P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place

P405 - Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

: None.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance / 3.2. Mixture

Substance

Classification Substance name Content [Vol-%] CAS No EC No Index No Registration No. 100 % 7664-41-7 231-635-3 007-001-00-5 01-2119488876-14-Acute Tox. 3 (H331) Flam. Gas 2 (H221) Anhydrous ammonia Skin Corr. 1B (H314) Eye Dam 1 (H318) Press. Gas (Liq.) (H280) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400)

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

* 1: Listed in Annex IV / V REACH, exempted from registration. * 2: Registration deadline not expired.

* 3: Registration not required: Substance manufactured or imported < 1t/y.

Full text of R-phrases see section 16. Full text of H-statements see section 16.



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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients)continued)

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim

warm and rested. Call a doctor. Apply artificial respiration if breathing stopped.

- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.

- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be

immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.

Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

Prolonged exposure to small concentrations may result in pulmonary oedema.

Refer to section 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.

Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Foam.

Carbon dioxide

Water spray or fog.

- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.

Hazardous combustion products : If involved in a fire the following toxic and/or corrosive fumes may be produced by thermal

decomposition: Nitric oxide/nitrogen dioxide.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Specific methods Do not extinguish a leaking gas flame unless absolutely necessary. Spontaneous/explosive re-

ignition may occur. Extinguish any other fire.

If possible, stop flow of product.

Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage

systems.

Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.

Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.

Special protective equipment for fire fighters

Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus

EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles.

Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams. Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face

mask.



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SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

: Ensure adequate air ventilation.

Evacuate area.

Try to stop release

Monitor concentration of released product.

Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing

apparatus. Stay upwind.

Act in accordance with local emergency plan.

6.2. Environmental precautions

: Try to stop release.

Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Keep area evacuated and free from ignition sources until any spilled liquid has evaporated (ground free from frost).

Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

Hose down area with water.

Ventilate area.

6.4. Reference to other sections

: See also sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Safe use of the product

: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges).

Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and

temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt. Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.

Do not smoke while handling product.

Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.

Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularily) checked for leaks before use. Installation of a cross purge assembly between the cylinder and the regulator is recommended.

Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when

system is placed out of service.

Assess the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres and the need for explosion-proof equipment.

Consider the use of only non-sparking tools.

The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.

Do not breathe gas.

Avoid release of product into atmosphere.

Safe handling of the gas receptacle : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions. Do not allow backfeed into the container.

Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is

disconnected from equipment.

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.

Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the cylinder

contents.

When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.

Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.

If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier.

Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.

Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.



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SECTION 7. Handling and storage)continued)

Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.

Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.

Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.

Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.

Segregate from oxidant gases and other oxidants in store. Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition. Stored containers should be periodically

checked for general condition and leakage.

Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.

Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion. Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over. Container valve guards or caps should be in place. All electrical equipment in the storage areas should be compatible with the risk of a potentially explosive atmosphere. Keep away from combustible materials

7.3. Specific end use)s)

: None.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Anhydrous ammonia : ILV (EU) - 8 H - [mg/m³] : 14

: ILV (EU) - 8 H - [ppm] : 20

: ILV (EU) - 15 min - [mg/m3]: 36

: ILV (EU) - 15 min - [ppm] : 50

: TWA (SV) OEL 8h [ppm]: 20 : TWA (SV) OEL 8h [mg/m3]: 14

: STEL (SV) OEL 15min [mg/m3]: 36

: STEL (SV) OEL 15min [ppm] : 50 : STEL (DK) OEL 15min [mg/m3]: 20

: STEL (NO) OEL 15min [ppm]: 50

DNEL: Derived no effect level)Workers)

Anhydrous ammonia : Inhalation-short term (local) [mg/m3]: 36

: Inhalation-long term (local) [mg/m3]: 14

: Dermal-short term (systemic) [mg/kg bw d] : 6.8

: Dermal-long term (systemic) [mg/kg bw d] : 6.8

PNEC: Predicted no effect

concentration

Anhydrous ammonia : Aqua (freshwater) [mg/l]: 0.0011

Agua (marine water) [mg/l]: 0.0011

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls: Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released. Systems under pressure shoud be regularily checked for leakages.

Product to be handled in a closed system.

Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).

Consider work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

Preferably use only permanent leak-tight installations (e.g. welded pipes).



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection)continued)

8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

: A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks

related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk. The following recommendations should be considered:

PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

Protect eyes, face and skin from liquid splashes.

• Eye/face protection : Wear safety glasses with side shields.

Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.

Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection.

Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.

Skin protection

- Hand protection : Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.

Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risk.

Wear chemically resistant protective gloves

Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.

Permeation time: minimum >30min short term exposure; material / thickness [mm]:

Chloroprene rubber (CR) / 0,5

Permeation time: minimum >480min long term exposure; material / thickness [mm]:

Butyl rubber (IIR) / 0,7

The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period. Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

- Other : Consider the use of flame resistant anti-static safety clothing.

Standard EN ISO 14116 - Limited flame spread materials.

Standard EN ISO 1149-5 - Protective clothing: Electrostatic properties.

Wear safety shoes while handling containers.

Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use. Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.

• Respiratory protection : Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the

contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.

Use gas filters and full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period,

e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.

Recommended: Filter K (green).

Consult respiratory device supplier's product information for the selection of the appropriate

device.

Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.

Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and full face mask - EN 136. Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.

Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face

mask.

Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected,

e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.

• Thermal hazards : None necessary.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls: Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for

specific methods for waste gas treatment.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa : Gas.

Colour : Colourless.

Odour : Ammoniacal.

Odour threshold : Odour threshold is subjective and inadequate to warn for overexposure.

pH value : If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties)continued)

Molar mass [g/mol] : 17 Melting point [°C] : -77.7 Boiling point [°C] : -33 Critical temperature [°C] : 132

Flash point [°C] : Not applicable for gases and gas-mixtures. Evaporation rate)ether=1) : Not applicable for gases and gas-mixtures.

Flammability range [vol% in air] : 15.4 - 33.6 : 8.6 bar Vapour pressure [20°C] Relative density, gas %air=1% : 0.6 Relative density, liquid %water=1% : 0.7 Solubility in water [mg/l] : 517000

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water [: Not applicable for inorganic gases.

log Kow]

Auto-ignition temperature [°C]

Viscosity at 20°C [mPa.s] : Not applicable. **Explosive Properties** : Not applicable.

Oxidising Properties : None.

9.2. Other information

Other data : None.

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

: No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

10.2. Chemical stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Can form explosive mixture with air. May react violently with oxidants.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Reacts with water to form corrosive alkalis.

May react violently with acids.

Air. Oxidiser.

For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Inhalation of large amounts leads to bronchospasm, laryngeal oedema and pseudomembrane

formation.

Rat inhalation LC50 [ppm/4h] : 2000

Skin corrosion/irritation : May cause inflammation of the skin.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Irritation to eyes.

 Respiratory or skin sensitisation
 : No known effects from this product.

 Carcinogenicity
 : No known effects from this product.

 Germ cell mutagenicity
 : No known effects from this product.

 Reproductive toxicity
 : No known effects from this product.

STOT-single exposure : May cause inflammation of the respiratory system.

STOT-repeated exposure : No known effects from this product.

Aspiration hazard : Not applicable for gases and gas-mixtures.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

: Very toxic to aquatic life.

EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] : 101

EC50 72h Algae [mg/l] : No data available.

LC50-96 h - fish [mg/l] : 0.89

12.2. Persistence and degradability

: The substance is biodegradable. Unlikely to persist.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

: Not expected to bioaccumulate due to the low log Kow (log Kow < 4).

Refer to section 9.

12.4. Mobility in soil

: Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

: Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

: May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.

Effect on the ozone layer : None.

Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Must not be discharged to atmosphere.

Toxic and corrosive gases formed during combustion should be scrubbed before discharge to

atmosphere.

Gas may be scrubbed in water.

Gas may be scrubbed in sulphuric acid solution.

 $\label{limited-limit} \textbf{Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc. 30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at http://www.eiga.}$

org for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.

Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.

Consult supplier for specific recommendations.

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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations)continued)

List of hazardous waste codes)from Commission Decision 2001/118/EC)

: 16 05 04: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing dangerous substances.

13.2. Additional information

: None.

SECTION 14. Transport information

: 1005 **UN** number

Labelling ADR, IMDG, IATA







: 8 : Corrosive substances

2.3: Toxic gases

Environmentally hazardous substances

Transport by road/rail)ADR/RID) Transport by air)ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Transport by sea)IMDG)

Classification code : 2 TC H.I. nr : 268

: C/D : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C when carried in tanks. Passage **Tunnel Restriction**

forbidden through tunnels of category D and E.

Emergency Schedule)EmS) - Fire Emergency Schedule)EmS) - Spillage : S-U

14.6 Special precautions for user

Packing Instruction)s) : P200

: FORBIDDEN. Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Cargo Aircraft only : FORBIDDEN.

Special precautions for user - Ensure there is adequate ventilation.

Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the

event of an accident or an emergency. Before transporting product containers: - Ensure that containers are firmly secured. - Ensure cylinder valve is closed and not leaking.

- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted. - Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II: Not applicable.

of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

UN proper shipping name : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Transport hazard class)es) : 2

Environmental hazards : Environmentally hazardous substance / mixture.

Proper shipping name : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Class : 2.3 **Packing instruction** : P200

IMDG-Marine pollutant : Marine pollutant.

Proper shipping name)IATA) : AMMONIA, ANHYDROUS

Class : 2.3

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SECTION 14. Transport information)continued)

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU legislation

Restrictions on use : None.
Seveso directive 2012/18/EC : Listed.

National legislation

National legislation : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

: A CSA has been carried out.

SECTION 16. Other information

Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commisssion regulation (EU) No 2015/830.

Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.

Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.

List of full text of H-statements in

section 3.

: H221 - Flammable gas.

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

H331 - Toxic if inhaled.

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Further information : This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with the applicable European Union

legislation.

DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and

safety study should be carried out. Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press. Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no

liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

End of document